



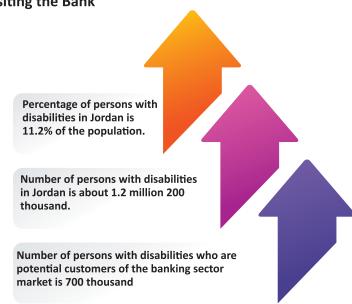
# Visiting Financial and Banking Services for Persons with Disabilities





**Information to Consider Before Visiting the Bank** 

According to the 2015 census, with disabilities persons constitute approximately 11.2% of Jordan's population aged five years and above. This equates to around 1.2 million individuals. Of those, approximately 700,000 persons with disabilities are adults (aged 18 years and above) and are potential customers in the banking sector. This demonstrates significant a market segment, provided that banks ensure accessibility and offer their services on an equal basis with others.



## **Key Accessibility Terminology**



Accessibility: Ensuring that buildings, roads, facilities, and other public or private spaces are designed and adapted in line with the Building Code for Persons with Disabilities, issued under the Jordanian National Building Law, and any specific accessibility standards approved by the Higher Council for the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.

Reasonable arrangements: The modification or adjustment of an environment, service, or process to enable persons with a disabilities to exercise their rights and freedoms or access a service on an equal basis with others.

Braille: A tactile writing and reading system used by persons with visual disabilities, consisting of raised dots that represent letters, numbers, or symbols, which can be read using fingertips.



Large Print: Documents, publications, and contracts should be available in font size 18 points or larger to enable persons with low vision to read without requiring assistive devices.

Sign language: A visual language that relies on hand movements, facial expressions, and body language to communicate. It is used by Deaf individuals and is considered a fully independent language.



Accessible Restrooms: Restrooms designed to accommodate wheelchair users, including sufficient space for manoeuvring, a lowered sink, and grab bars. They should also be equipped with an emergency call system.

Accessible formats: Providing information in alternative formats such as Braille, Large Print, electronic or audio formats, sign language interpretation, easy-to-read text, and other methods to ensure accessibility.



Tactile Floor Markings: Raised or colour-contrasted tiles designed to guide persons with visual disabilities. They are typically used to indicate routes or potential hazards.

Glass Door Markings: Visual markers placed on transparent glass façades and doors in the form of two parallel lines. The first line is positioned at a height of 85-100 cm, and the second at 140-160 cm from the floor level. These markings must be visually distinguishable from the background to enhance visibility and accessibility.



## Legal and Regulatory Framework

The Law on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities No. 20 of 2017 and Central Bank Instructions No. 18 of 2018

- These two documents set the principles and basics governing access to banking services for persons with disabilities
- The most prominent of these principles are:
  - o Accessibility to buildings, facilities and information
  - o Facilitative arrangements that allow persons with disabilities to use banking services independently, privately and easily
  - o Recognizing the full legal capacity of persons with disabilities in their banking transactions and respecting their decisions and choices.



## Article 43 of the Law on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities No. 20 of 2017

It is impermissible to exclude a person or restrict a person's access to banking and credit services on the basis of, or because of, disability.

Provide banking services, information and data to persons with disabilities in accessible formats, and guarantee respect for their right to privacy and the confidentiality of their accounts.

Approval for signature by persons with visual disabilities through handwritten signature, stamp, or e-fingerprint on bank transactions without a witness as a condition.

Keep the documented banking transactions as stipulated by item (2) of this Clause for (6) months, and objection to any transaction shall not be accepted after the lapse of this period.

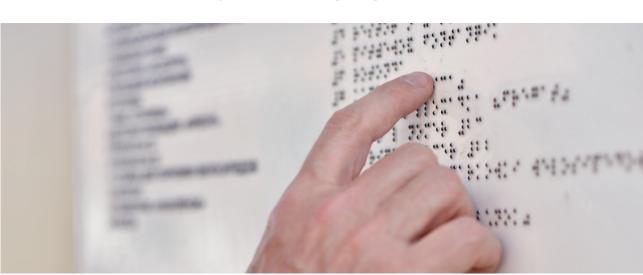
Apply accessibility (standards) in banking buildings and facilities in order to allow persons with disabilities to have access to and benefit from the services provided by them.

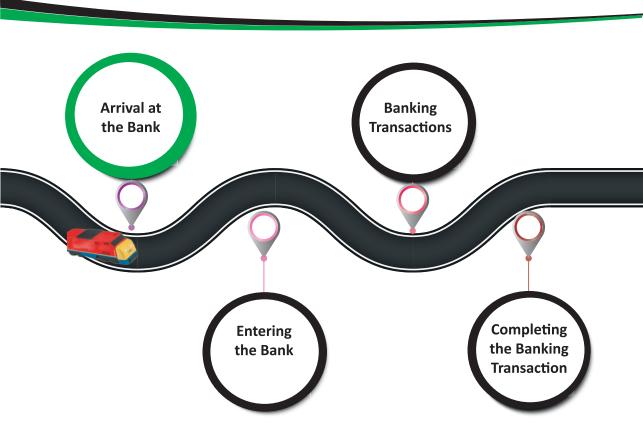
Deliver training to the personnel working in the banking sector on the methods of effective communication with persons with disabilities.

### Requirements for preparing for the visit

Preparing the website according to the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) developed by the World Wide Web (W3C) and according to the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines WCAG V2.1

WCAG V2.1 English version: https://www.w3.org/TR/WCAG21/WCAG V2.0 Arabic version: http://www.alecso.org/wcag2.0/





Designated accessible parking spaces.

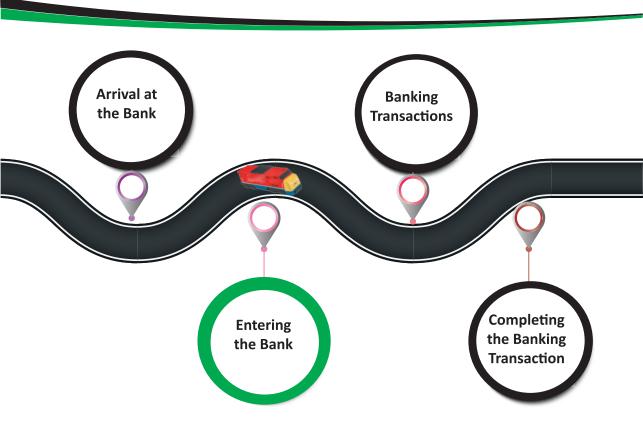
Safe ramps with handrails leading to the main entrance. ATMs equipped with audio guidance,
Braille buttons, and accessible height for wheelchair users.



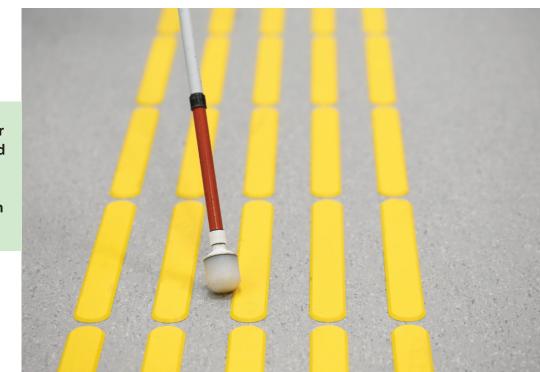
Receptionists trained in disability-inclusive communication and basic sign language.







Tactiles Floor markings and glass door signs for persons with visual disabilities.



Accessible restrooms for users of wheelchairs.



**Adapted** queue management device (speaking and its buttons are printed in Braille) and at a low height for use by people using wheelchairs.

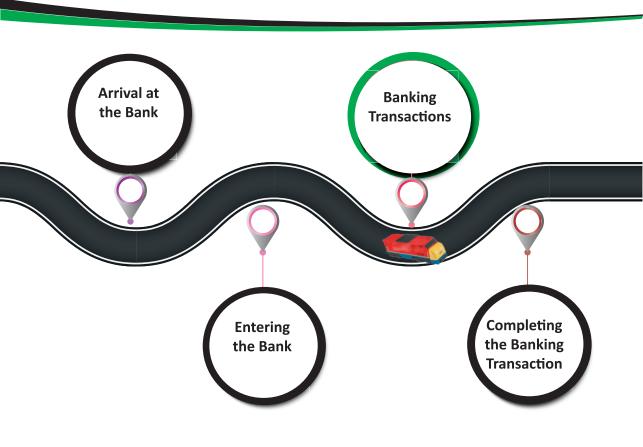


Low-height service counters and tables for wheelchair users and persons of short stature.



Trained
employees
proficient in
sign language
or using video
call sign
language
interpretation.





Speak in a low and natural voice with the person with a disability to preserve his privacy.



Loudspeakers
to assist
persons with
hearing
disabilities
when
communicating
through glass
partitions.



Audio-visual documentation of transactions by the bank.



Braille and Large Print banking documents.

**Allowing** sufficient time for the translation of data and information into sign language by the accompanying interpreter or via Telephone (video call) or through one of the bank employees if the deaf person agrees to that.

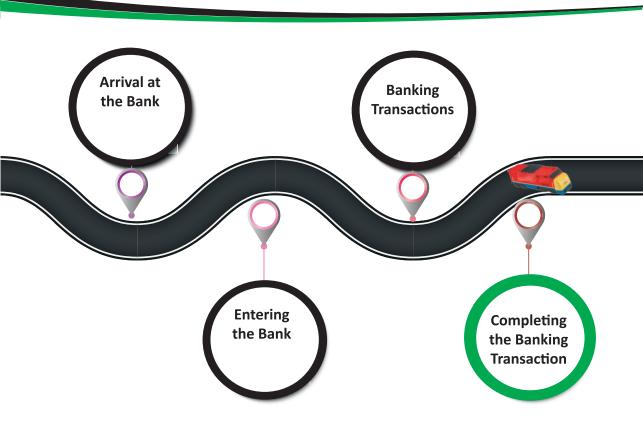


Accessible tables for filling out forms and applications for wheelchair users.



**Persons with** visual disabilities should only be required to sign a pledge once, after which their signature, seal, e-signature, or eye print must be accepted without requiring witnesses for subsequent transactions.





Documenting the transaction with sound and image and making it accessible to blind and deaf persons.



Bank
statements and
receipts must
be available in
accessible
formats
(Braille, Large
Print, or
electronic
versions).



Assisting persons with disabilities courteously when leaving the bank.



For additional details on the Building Code for Persons with Disabilities or the Law on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities No. 20 of 2017, please contact:

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